# Long Term Plan: Year 8



#### "Science is simply the word we use to describe a method of organising our curiosity."

The programme for years 7 – 11 has staff teaching a single class, with rotating topics/subjects. There is varied order of topics for classes to allow for the rotation of practical equipment. Students will complete a biology, chemistry and then physics topic followed by an assessment. This process will then repeat again.

Staff are to use the **Curriculum Road Map** in the Science Drive to ensure that they rotate at the appropriate times.

Topic	Unit title	Key knowledge/ Content to learn and retain	Essential skills to acquire (subject & generic)	Anticipated misconceptions	Links to previous KS	Links to future KS	Opportunity for stretch for high prior attainers	
One	Scientific Skills	Introduction to practical work at ASA  Short series of lessons to embed the requirements of the practical aspects of our programmes  Complete the GL Assessment	Naming & drawing equipment Introduction to health & safety in the laboratory Writing Methods Recording Observations Bunsen Burner Licence	Names of equipment Students attempting to draw in 3D	Students will have used very basic equipment at KS2	All our course programmes depend upon this knowledge	Introduction of variables & values  Accuracy & validity of results	
SMSC & British Values		Working cooperatively Working safely in a laboratory setting						
Cultura I Capital	Scientist througho	out history						
Career Link	Any science based	Any science based career will utilise these skills						

Two	Forces 2	Contact forces Investigate factors that affect the size of frictional or drag forces Pressure Investigate how pressure from your foot onto the ground varies with different footwear	Drawing and labelling forces  Carrying out practical work  Recording and interpreting results  Drawing graphs and using these to generate conclusions  Calculations for resultant forces and pressure	Students need to have a grasp of density to understand why objects float or sink – not because they are heavier or lighter	Basic forces will have been covered at KS2.  This unit leads directly on from the Forces I topic covered in Y7	This information leads into the forces unit studied at GCSE	Effect of drag forces on moving objects  Use of turning forces as leavers  Pressure at depth under water  Pressure used in hydraulics
SMSC & British Values	Working collabor Use of drag force	ratively s in sports and vehicles					
Cultura I Capital	Variety of shoes f	rom around the world & how the	ey are designed for specific uses – include sk	kis, snowshoes, shoes from history	(e.g. China and the conti	roversial historic foo	ot binding)
Career Link	This is a fundame	ntal physics concept that links to	many STEM career opportunities				
Three	Matter 2	Periodic Table  Sort elements using chemical data and relate this to their position in the periodic table  Elements  Compare the properties of elements with the properties of compounds formed from them	Use data to identify patterns/trends  Accurately record observations from demonstrations and draw conclusions from these  Use symbols to represent elements and use these to generate basic equations that represent a chemical reaction  Draw accurate particle diagrams to represent elements, mixture and compounds  Be able to compare and contrast – with justification	Element is the simplest particle	Students should know examples of solids, liquids and gases from KS2 and should be able to explain these in terms of particle location  This unit leads directly on from the matter I topic covered in Y7	This information leads into atomic structure and periodic table unit studied at GCSE	Use provided data on elements to establish patterns & anomalies  Describe and explain the properties of ceramics and composites

SMSC & British Values		Opportunity to look at the British manufacturing industry Environmental impact of obtaining raw materials and processing materials						
Cultura I Capital	Investigate/resear	ch the design and use of nanopar	ticles, biodegradable plastics, thermochrom	ic materials, alloys etc				
Career Link	This is a fundame	ntal chemistry concept that links	to many STEM career opportunities					
Four	Organisms 2	Breathing Investigate a claim linking height to lung volume Digestion Evaluate how well a model represents the key features of the digestive system	Draw and label accurate scientific diagrams  Generate a model lung and use it to support an explanation on pressure changes  Investigate how food is processed as it passes through the digestive system  Use of data to analyse healthy diets	Gas exchange and respiration are the same thing	At KS2 students will have learnt about the human body and the basics of keeping it healthy  This unit leads directly on from the organisms I topic covered in Y7	This information leads into the organisation unit studied at GCSE	Predict how an issue with the gas exchange system could affect other processes in the body  Design a diet for a person with a specific requirement  How is gut health linked to mental health?	
SMSC & British Values	What constitutes	of smoking, asthma & exercise a healthy diet and how much is a ou eat 30 (or more) different typ						
Cultura I Capital	Which is worse – smoking cigarettes or vaping? Why everyone should switch to a vegan or vegetarian diet -							
Career Link	This is a fundame	This is a fundamental biology concept that links to many STEM career opportunities						
Five	Electromagnets	Magnetism	Carrying out practical work	Earth's magnetic field is fixed	Basic use of magnets	This information	Using diagrams,	

	2	Explore the magnetic field pattern around different types of magnets  Electromagnets  Investigate ways of varying the strength of an electromagnet	Recording and interpreting results  Making predictions  Drawing accurate scientific diagrams	Only materials containing iron are magnetic  The concept of a magnet generating a force is an abstract idea that some will find difficult to grasp	and magnetic fields will have been covered at KS2.  This unit leads directly on from the Electromagnetic I topic covered in Y7	leads into the magnetism unit studied at GCSE	explain how bells & loudspeakers work  Predict magnetic field lines and forces around magnets when 2 magnets interact
SMSC & British Values	Importance of the	Earth's magnetic field to the safe	ety of people				
Cultura I Capital	Historical develop	ment of the use of magnets					
Career Link	This is a fundamer	ntal physics concept that links to	many STEM career opportunities				
Six	Waves 2	Wave effects  Relate the impact of different types of waves on living cells to the frequency and energy of the wave  Wave properties  Use the wave model to explain observations of the reflection, absorption and transmission of waves	Research skills  Ability to summarise information  Carry out practical work and deduce conclusions from this	Students may understand water waves but will have the view that light only travels in straight lines  Waves move matter/particles – since the wave is moving	Basic light and sound will have been covered at KS2.  This unit leads directly on from the waves I topic covered in Y7	This information leads into the waves unit studied at GCSE	Suggest how sound waves can be used for cleaning Investigate what happens when 2 wave forms combine Compare & contrast the properties of light and sound waves
SMSC & British Values	Working collabor	atively on practical work and reso	earch tasks				

l Capital	Medical uses of u	Medical uses of ultrasound							
Career Link	This is a fundame	This is a fundamental physics concept that links to many STEM career opportunities							
Severn	Ecosystems 2	Respiration  Use data from investigating fermentation with yeast to explore respiration  Photosynthesis  Use laboratory tests on variegated leaves to show that chlorophyll is essential for photosynthesis	Analyse data to produce valid conclusions  Produce accurately labelled diagrams to show complex scientific processes  Carry out practical work and deduce conclusions from this	Breathing and respiration are the same thing  Plants take in food from their roots	At KS2 students will have looked at breathing They should have a basic understanding of the structure of a flowers and leaves  This unit leads directly on from the Ecosystems I topic covered in Y7	This information leads into the Ecology unit studied at GCSE	Describe the similarities and differences between aerobic and anaerobic respiration  Investigate how the time of day affects the movement of oxygen and carbon dioxide through the stomata		
SMSC & British Values	Look at the impa	ct of sport on MH & W							
Cultura I Capital	Polio is on the ris	e, how might this impact a perso	n that they require for respiration n's ability to carry out respiration? a fuel source for countries that do not have	e a ready access to oil					
Career Link	This is a fundamental biology concept that links to many STEM career opportunities								
Eight	Energy 2	Work  Explain how an electric motor raising a weight, is doing work  Heating & Cooling  Investigate how to prevent heat loss by conduction,	Practical work on pulleys and levers  Recording and interpreting results  Carrying out calculations using the formula for work done  Practical work on conduction, convection & radiation	Thermal energy is lost from a system when something is heated  When a material expands the particles get bigger	Basic use of energy will have been covered at KS2 along with the concepts of renewable & nonrenewable energy  This unit leads directly on from the	This information leads into the Energy unit studied at GCSE	Converting values into standard units ahead of carrying out calculations  Explain how gears work  Compare the efficiency of different		

		convection, and radiation	Produce and interpret graphical evidence to support conclusions		Energy I topic covered in Y7		methods of heating materials
SMSC & British Values	Use of insulation	n to reduce energy loss and bills					
Cultura I Capital		Historic use of pulleys/levers in the shipping industry. Link to history for information about trebuchet and the use of catapults					
Career Link	This is a fundam	nental physics concept that links to	many STEM career opportunities				
Nine	Reactions 2	Chemical Energy Investigate a phenomenon that relies on an exothermic or endothermic reaction Types of reaction Investigate changes in mass for chemical and physical processes	Carry out practical work and deduce conclusions from observed results  Use diagrams to support explanations of the energy changes occurring during the change of state of a material		Basic use of energy will have been covered at KS2 along with the concepts of renewable & nonrenewable energy  This unit leads directly on from the reactions I topic covered in Y7 and also links to the energy I topic, also covered in Y7	This information leads into the chemical changes unit studied at GCSE	Design a hand warmer/cool pack based on knowledge from this unit Balance symbol equations Discuss the pros/cons of fuels
SMSC & British Values		disadvantages of different fuel use - uring practical work	- based on where a person lives				
Cultura I Capital	Research the att	Investigate how plants use endothermic reactions to produce glucose Research the attempts to harness the power of the Sun and provide the world with the energy needed to meet it's growing demand Link to history with the changing use of fuels over time, chemicals for warfare					
Career Link	This is a fundam	ental chemistry concept that links	to many STEM career opportunities				

Ten	Genes 2	Evolution  Review the evidence for theories about how a particular species went extinct  Inheritance  Model the inheritance of a species trait and explore the variation in the offspring produced	Analyse data to produce valid conclusions  Draw suitable bar charts and graphs to map out changing species numbers V environmental/predator changes  Research unusual adaptations to environment that have arisen through mutation of genes  Draw accurate diagrams to demonstrate how genes are inherited				Evaluate ways of preserving plant or animal material for future generations  Suggest benefits to knowing all the genes in the Human genome
SMSC & British Values		ical issues surrounding genetic ma against genetic modification	inipulation				
Cultura I Capital			prevent species from becoming extinct (e.g.)	ane Goodall)			
Career Link	This is a fundame	ental biology concept that links to	many STEM career opportunities				
Eleven	Earth 2	Climate  Investigate the contribution that natural and human chemical processes make to our carbon dioxide emissions  Earth's resources Predict the method used for extracting a metal based on it's position in the reactivity series	Create summary diagrams to show what is happening to our atmosphere  Plan and carry out an investigation. Produce a valid conclusion from the observations.  Use reactivity data to justify the use of a metal and reasons why recycling (or finding alternative materials) is important	Global warming is only caused by carbon dioxide  Global warming is only a manmade issue  Fossil fuels will last forever as things are always dying and getting buried	Students will have learnt about rocks, the Earth and the Universe at KS2.  They have previously studied the Earth 1 topic in Y7 and reactions 2 topic in Y8	This information leads into the atmosphere and using resources units studied in GCSE Science	Compare the impact of natural V manmade global warming Suggest ways in which waste products could be reduced – particularly from industrial processes
SMSC	Environmental in	npact of manufacturing processes					

& British Values	ow much waste/litter do we as a school generate per year? How can we reduce this?			
Cultura I Capital	Impact of humans on planet Earth – 8 billion & rising The need to reduce, reuse & recycle is everyone's problem			
Career Link	This is a fundamental that links to many STEM career opportunities			

# Enquiry processes: working scientifically

### Analyse

- Analyse patterns
- Discuss limitations
- Draw conclusions
- Present data



#### Communicate

- Communicate ideas
- Construct explanations
- Critique claims
- Justify opinions



## Enquire

- Collect data
- Devise questions
- Plan variables
- Test hypotheses



#### Solve

- Estimate risks
- Examine consequences
- Review theories
- Interrogate sources

