

Long Term Plan KS3 Computing - Year 7

Half term	Unit title	Key knowledge/ Content to learn and retain	Essential skills to acquire (subject & generic)	Link to subject ethos and driver	Anticipated misconceptions	Links to previous KS	Links to future KS	Opportunity for stretch for high prior attainers	SMSC & British Values	Cultural Capital	Career Link
HT1 05.09. 22 - 21.10. 22 7 weeks	Getting started	Know and understand the key concepts and principles of Computing: Know the processes for logging into the academy network and Google Suite for education Know the process for sending and receiving emails Understand how to save, rename and organise files Understand how to access files stored in the cloud Understand the key principles of internet safety Understand the qualities of vector and bitmap graphics	Apply knowledge and understanding to the key concepts of Computing: Log into the academy's network and Google Education suite proficiently Send and receive emails successfully, using appropriate language and content Organise files and folders to facilitate ease of access and use Demonstrate safe practices when using the internet Be able to create and manipulate	Users are responsible , competent, confident and creative users of information and communica tion technology	Text talk in emails Differences between files and folders Different types of images - the difference between them What makes a good password	No prior learning is necessary, although it is expected that students will be familiar with computers and will have had some experience using email and word processing software. KS2 NC outcome: Understand computer networks, including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the WWW, and the opportunities	The skills learnt during this first half-term will be necessary for a range of subjects (not just computing) where the network is used.	CC and BCC in email - what is the difference? Challenge tasks will be built into all lessons - refer to MTP	Resilience is taught through the lessons when students are pushed to achieve their best, moving out of their perceived limits at times and getting the deserved rewards as a result. Mutual respect for tolerance of those with different levels of understandin g and knowledge - peer support. Copyright - rule of law - discussed when using images	We encourage students to read newspapers We encourage students to watch the news Current affairs are incorporated into lessons Make links to 'real life'	Any jobs working with computers will require users to work with files and folders - this will help prepare them for the world of work. NC Link: Understand a range of ways to use technology safely, respectfully, responsibly and securely, including protecting their online identity and privacy; recognise inappropriate content, contact and know how to

			images Analyse problems in computational terms: Identify the most appropriate tools to use when editing an image Develop confident and responsible use of modern information technologies Demonstrate proficiency in using the academy's network and computing facilities Using image- editing software with confidence			they offer for communicati on and collaboration			Rule of Law is taught through lesson themes as well with school rules also being adhered to and considered at all times.		report concerns. Create, reuse, revise and repurpose digital artefacts for a given audience, with attention to trustworthines s and design
HT2 31.10. 22 - 16.12. 22 7 weeks	Introduci ng Spreadsh eets	Understand how to write basic formulae in a spreadsheet Understand the concept of replication and the uses of relative and absolute cell referencing Understand how to name cells and ranges within a spreadsheet	Use a range of basic formulae to manipulate data Use conditional formatting Create graphs and charts to represent different types of information	Solving mathemati cal problems using IT Analytical skills Data representat ion Modelling	The different operators used / * (different from maths). Selecting relevant data for charts and labelling these appropriately. Why different	Students will need to understand basic arithmetic; addition, subtraction, multiplication and division KS2 NC Link: Select, use and combine	KS4 NC outcome: Develop and apply their analytic, problemsolving, design and computationa I thinking skills Links to both	Challenge tasks will be built into all lessons, but specific functions and skills will be targeted for challenge work from the Y8 spreadsheet unit. For example	Mutual respect for each other - peer reviewing and support is encouraged. Resilience is taught through the lessons when students are	We encourage students to read newspapers We encourage students to watch the news Current affairs are	Career links: Data controller Analysts Financial jobs such as accountants. Business roles, e.g. management

Understand how to write a range of basic functions, including SUM, AVERAGE, MAX, MIN, COUNT and IF Understand how to use conditional formatting Understand how to use data in spreadsheets to create graphs and charts Understand how to Become proficient in the use of spreadsheets to handle data in a variety of situations Interpret data from spreadsheets Understand how to use data in spreadsheets to handle data in a variety of situations Understand how to use data in spreadsheets to handle data in a variety of situations Understand how to use data in spreadsheets to handle data in a variety of situations Understand how to use data in a variety of situations and functions are software used. Understand how to use data in spreadsheets to handle data in a variety of situations Understand how to use data in a variety of situations and functions are software used. Identify the most appropriate functions to use when developing spreadsheets to handle data in a variety of situations Understand how to use data in spreadsheets to handle data in a variety of situations Understand how to use data in a variety of situations and functions are software used. Identify the most across of digital systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information. Interpret data from spreadsheets to handle data in a variety of situations and functions are software used. Interpret data from spreadsheets to handle variety of situations and functions are software used. Interpret data from spreadsheets to handle revores a software used. Interpret data from spreadsheets to handle revores a variety of digital systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating a	incorporated into lessons Make links to 'real life' examples	NC Link: Design, use and evaluate computational abstractions that model the state and behaviour of real-world problems and physical systems Undertake creative projects that involve selecting, using, and combining multiple applications, preferably across a range of devices, to achieve challenging goals, including collecting and analysing data and meeting the needs of known users

				adhered to and considered at all times. Individual Liberty – It is important to have students understand their freedoms as well as knowing how these fit in with the school ethos. Students will know their rights as	s, design and usability
				rights as individuals and will know both what to expect and what is expected of them.	
				Mutual respect for tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs, and for those without faith is important	
				Resilience is taught through the lessons when students are pushed to achieve their	

			best, moving out of their perceived limits at times and getting the deserved rewards as a result.	

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HT4 20.02.	Scratch	Understand the concepts of	Develop working	Logical reasoning	Misconceptio ns alongside	There is no requirement	Programming links to the	Challenge tasks will be	Rule of Law is taught	We encourage	Career links:
23 -		sequencing, selection	programs in		what different	for students	KS4	built into	through	students to	Software
31.03.		and iteration	Scratch	Computatio	blocks of	to have used	computing	lessons -	lesson	read	developer
23				nal thinking	code are	Scratch	curriculum.	refer to MTP,	themes as	newspapers	roles
			Analyse the		used for and	before,			well with		
6			requirements	can	the difference	although	NC	In this unit,	school rules	We	Programmers
weeks			of a program	analyse	between	prior	outcomes:	students will	also being	encourage	
			lalandik dha	problems	different	knowledge of	develop and	be	adhered to and	students to	Mathematicia
			Identify the processes	in computatio	angles when making	Scratch may be useful.	apply their analytic,	encouraged to show	considered at	watch the news	ns
			needed to	nal terms,	shapes and	Students will	problem-	additional	all times.	news	NC Links:
			solve a	and have	things such	be	solving,	skills when	all tillies.	Current	NO LIIKS.
			problem,	repeated	as forever	performing	design, and	the develop	Individual	affairs are	use two or
			ļ,	practical	and repeat	calculations	computationa	their code.	Liberty – It is	incorporated	more
			Design	experience	loops.	in scratch to	I thinking		important to	into lessons	programming
			programs in	of writing		an	skills		have		languages, at
			Scratch to	computer		understandin			students		least one of
			solve specific	programs		g of basic	develop their		understand		which is
			problems	in order to		arithmetic	capability,		their	Make links to	textual, to
			Han Canadah	solve such		operators	creativity and		freedoms as	'real life'	solve a
			Use Scratch confidently to	problems		(addition,	knowledge in		well as knowing how	examples	variety of computational
			solve a range			subtraction, multiplication	computer science,		these fit in		problems;
			of problems.			and division	digital media		with the		make
			or problemo.			is needed).	and		school ethos.		appropriate
							information		Students will		use of data
						KS2: use	technology		know their		structures [for
						sequence,			rights as		example, lists,
						selection,			individuals		tables or
						and repetition			and will know		arrays];
						in programs;			both what to		design and
						work with			expect and		develop
						variables and various forms			what is		modular
						of input and			expected of them.		programs that use
						output			uieiii.		procedures or
						Juipui			Mutual		functions
						Design, write			respect for		
						and debug			tolerance of		
						programs			those with		
						that			different		
						accomplish			faiths and		
						specific			beliefs, and		
						goals,			for those		
						including			without faith		
						controlling or			is important		

						simulating physical systems, solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts.			Resilience is taught through the lessons when students are pushed to achieve their best, moving out of their perceived limits at times and getting the deserved rewards as a result.		
HT5 17.04. 23 - 26.05. 23 6 weeks	Online Safety	1. Online reputation and managing information online - students can describe and assess the benefits and the potential risks for sharing information online - students can explain how the information online services hold about someone forms part of their online identity and how this differs from their digital personality - students can describe what is appropriate to say and do in different online settings/platforms (e.g. opinions, values, information, shares, likes, forwards - students can explain why using various additional tools can refine my searches more effectively (e.g.	Online safety skills - this term will cover 5 of the 8 key strands from the Education for a connected world framework *Note the others are covered in Collective worship and PSCHE Communication skills - class discussions Literacy skills - literacy tasks in line with school policy	Wisdom to know how to be safe online and to have the courage to ask for help when needed Online reputation: Students will explore the concepts of reputation and how others may use online information to make judgement s. They will have opportunities to develop strategies to manage	Ownership of data What the term bullying means Misconceptions about online relationships How to report How to search effectively Trustworthiness of sources Future impacts of data online	Please refer to the "Education for a Connected World" framework which shows progression for all strands from KS1-KS5 KS2 NC Outcome: Use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/u nacceptable behaviour;	Please refer to the "Education for a Connected World" framework which shows progression for all strands from KS1-KS5 KS4 outcome: Understand how changes in technology affect safety, including new ways to protect their online privacy and identify, and	The outcomes for the following year will be used as challenge work Real life applications and giving advice to others on topics will form a par of the challenge tasks	From an environmenta I standpoint students are encouraged to understand the ways that computer systems and parts can be recycled, reused and have extended lives. The understandin g of environmenta I impacts is taught through lesson themes. Democracy is something students will learn about and will know	We encourage students to read newspapers We encourage students to watch the news Current affairs are incorporated into lessons Make links to 'real life' examples	The skills learned from completing KS3 will provide background and knowledge for students to progress into work roles and be computer and software literate. Specialist careers in IT will include: IT teacher Web designer Graphic artist Animator Software

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search filters, size,	personal	identity a	how to		how to treat	Developer
type, usage rights, etc)	digital	range of wats	identify and		others fairly	·
- students can explain	content	to report	report a		and how to	Data Analyst
how online content	effectively	•			make things	, , , , , ,
published by an	and	concerns	range of		work for the	
individual can be	capitalise	about content	concerns.		whole class	Systems
interpreted differently	on	and contact.			as well as the	Analyst
by others	technology'				individual.	
- students can explain	s capacity					Business
how liking or sharing or	to create				Rule of Law	Analyst
forwarding online	effective				is taught	
content can change	positive				through	IT Support
people's opinions of	profiles.				lesson	Analyst
someone (e.g.	Frames				themes as	
contribute or damage	Managing				well with	Network
their online reputation)	online				school rules	Engineer
- students can explain	information				also being	9001
how online	: Students				adhered to	IT Consultant
marketplaces can	will				and	TT Concultant
enable small	explore				considered at	Technical
businesses or	how online				all times.	Sales Rep
individuals to do	information				an unics.	Gaics (KCp
business on a	is found,				Individual	NC Links:
wider/global scale	viewed and				Liberty – It is	NO EIIIKO.
- students can assess	interpreted.				important to	understand a
the benefits and	They will				have	range of ways
limitations of online	learn				students	to use
commerce	strategies				understand	technology
Commerce	to search				their	safely,
2. Online bullying and	effectively.				freedoms as	respectfully,
relationships	evaluate				well as	respectfully,
- Students can	data,				knowing how	and securely,
describe how bullying	recognise				these fit in	including
may change as we	risks and				with the	protecting
grow older and	manage				school ethos.	their online
recognize when it is	content of				Students will	identity and
taking place online	online				know their	privacy;
- Students can	threads				rights as	recognise
describe a range of	and				individuals	inappropriate
different bullying types					and will know	
and behaviours and	challenges. They				both what to	content, contact and
assess when these are	should				expect and	contact and conduct and
	understand				what is	know how to
occurring (e.g.						
homophobia, racism,	ethical				expected of	report
gender discrimination,	publishing.				them.	concerns.
sexisim, ableism,	Online				Mutual	
exclusion of others	Online				Mutual	
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from online forms of	bullying:	respect for	
communication, setting	Students	tolerance of	
up fake profiles of	will explore	those with	
another person)	bullying	different	
-Students can explain	and other	faiths and	
	online		
why anyone		beliefs, and	
experiencing online	aggression	for those	
abuse is never to	and how	without faith	
blame (e.g. victim	technology	is important	
blaming) and that to	impacts on		
suggest they are is	these	Resilience is	
wrong	issues.	taught	
- Students can identify	They will	through the	
and demonstrate	learn	lessons when	
actions to support	strategies	students are	
others who are	for	pushed to	
experiencing difficulties	effective	achieve their	
online	reporting	best, moving	
- Students can explain	and	out of their	
the importance of	interventio	perceived	
having a choice and	n and	limits at times	
giving others a choice	consider	and getting	
online	how	the deserved	
- They can explain how	bullying	rewards as a	
and why people who	and other	result.	
communicate with	aggressive		
others through online	behavior		
platforms may try to	relates to		
influence others	legislation.		
negatively and can			
offer examples, e.g.	Online		
racist/homophobic	relationship		
comments, social	s: Students		
influencers sharing	explore		
weight loss products,	how		
grooming,	technology		
radicalisation, coercion	shapes		
- They can explain	communica		
strategies for	tion styles		
assessing the degree	and		
of trust they place in	identifies		
people or	strategies		
organisations online	for positive		
- They can describe	relationship		
some signs of harmful	s in online		
online situations e.g.	communitie		
sexual harassment,	s. They are		
SCAUGI Harassinetti,	3. They are		

grooming, cyberbulying	given the	
- They can assess	opportunity	
when they need to take	to discuss	
action and explain	relationship	
what to do if they are	s,	
concerned about their	respecting,	
own or someone else's	giving and	
online relationship	denying	
oriline relationship	consent	
3. Privacy and security	and	
-Students can explain	behaviours	
why someone should	that may	
use a strong and	lead to	
separate password for	harm and	
their email account as	how	
the gateway to other	positive	
online accounts	interaction	
-Students can explain	online can	
the terms 'connectivity'	empower	
ad the 'internet of	and amplify	
things'	voice.	
- They can recognise	voice.	
that devices can collect	Privacy	
and share data about	and	
users with or without	security:	
their knowledge or	Students	
awareness, e.g. device usage including	will explore how	
microphone, camera		
	personal	
and geolocation	online information	
- Students can	information	
understand the	can be	
benefits of two factor authentication and use	used,	
	stored,	
it where available	processed	
I can explain why	and	
backing up data is	shared.	
important and how this	They will	
can be done	learn both	
-Students can explain	behavioura	
how and why it is	l and	
important to always	technical	
ensure someone	strategies	
makes safe and secure	to limit	
online payments	impact on	
-Students can explain	privacy and	
why online services	protect	

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have terms and	data and				
conditions that govern	systems				
their use and give	against				
examples that illustrate	compromis				
how they impact on a					
	e.				
user, e.g. age	Copyright				
restrictions	and				
-Students can explain	ownership:				
what malware is and	Students				
give some examples of	will explore				
how it operates and	the				
what the impact could	concept of				
be on a device or user	ownership				
(e.g. viruses, trojans,	of online				
ransomware)	content				
-Students can explain	and				
what cookies are and	explore				
can give examples of	strategies				
how my online	for				
browsing can be	protecting				
tracked and used by	personal				
others (e.g. adware)	content				
-Students can explain	and				
that devices and the	crediting				
internet can be	the rights				
monitored in order to	of others				
keep people safe	as well as				
1 '' '	addressing				
4.Copyright	potential				
-Students know that	consequen				
commercial online	ces of				
content can be viewed,	illegal				
accessed or	access.				
downloaded illegally	download				
-Students can give	and				
some examples of	distribution.				
illegal access (e.g.	CIOCIDATION.				
illegal streaming, pirate					
sites, torrent sites,					
peer-to-peer sharing)					
and the associated					
risks					
- Students can					
accurately define the					
concept of plagiarism					
- Students can use this					
definition to evaluate					

		online sources 5. Test. Covering key objectives from the 5 lessons this term									
5.06.2 3 - 21.07. 23 7 weeks	Computin g compone nts	Know about and understand the function of a range of input and output devices Know about and understand different types of memory and storage and their use	Identify the correct input and output devices to use in a range of different situations.	Evaluation skills Analysis skills Literacy skills Presentation skills Technical knowledge	Devices that are 'all in one' and how these can be classified. Storage sizes and calculations of these.	There is no requirement for students to have had any prior learning about computer components. However, they will need basic arithmetic to convert between different storage units and basic spreadsheet skills to create a graph.	Links to KS4 IT and Computing curriculums.	Challenge work will be built into all lessons - refer to MTP. In particular students may start to look in more depth at what devices are used for and how technology is emerging so devices are often a mixture of input and output.	From an environmenta I standpoint students are encouraged to understand the ways that computer systems and parts can be recycled, reused and have extended lives. The understandin g of environmenta I impacts is taught through lesson themes. Rule of Law is taught through lesson themes as well with school rules also being adhered to and considered at all times. Individual Liberty – It is	We encourage students to read newspapers We encourage students to watch the news Current affairs are incorporated into lessons Make links to 'real life' examples	Career links: Computer technicians Network managers NC Links: understand the hardware and software components that make up computer systems, and how they communicate with one another and with other systems

			important to have students understand their freedoms as well as knowing how these fit in with the school ethos. Students will know their rights as individuals and will know both what to expect and what is expected of them.	
			Resilience is taught through the lessons when students are pushed to achieve their best, moving out of their perceived limits at times and getting the deserved rewards as a result.	

Skills developed throughout the programme

- Cognitive skills
 Non-routine problem solving expert thinking, metacognition, creativity.
 Systems thinking decision making and reasoning.
 Critical thinking definitions of critical thinking are broad and usually involve general cognitive skills such as analysing, synthesising and reasoning skills.
 ICT literacy access, manage, integrate, evaluate, construct and communicate.

Interpersonal skills

- Communication active listening, oral communication, written communication, assertive communication and non-verbal communication.
- Relationship-building skills teamwork, trust, intercultural sensitivity, service orientation, self-presentation, social influence, conflict resolution and negotiation.
- Collaborative problem solving establishing and maintaining shared understanding, taking appropriate action, establishing and maintaining team organisation.

Intrapersonal skills

- Adaptability ability and willingness to cope with the uncertain, handling work stress, adapting to different personalities, communication styles and cultures, and physical adaptability to various indoor and outdoor work environments.
- Self-management and self-development ability to work remotely in virtual teams, work autonomously, be self-motivating and self-monitoring, willing and able to acquire new information and skills related to work.