

Long Term Plan: Biology Year 7

Half term	Unit title	Key knowledge/ Content to learn and retain	Essential skills to acquire (subject & generic)	Link to subject ethos and driver (rename)	Anticipated misconceptions	Links to previous KS	Links to future KS	Opportunity for stretch for high prior attainers	SMSC & British Values	Cultural Capital	Career Link
One	Cells	<p>The cell as the fundamental unit of living organisms</p> <p>The functions of key organelles</p> <p>The similarities and differences between plants and animal cells</p> <p>The similarities and differences between eukaryotic</p>	<p>Use of microscopes to look at cells</p> <p>Drawing scientific diagrams</p> <p>Changing the subject of, and substituting into, a simple equation with three terms</p>		<p>Organisms grown when their cells get larger, as opposed to duplicating</p> <p>The size of prokaryotic cells compared to eukaryotic cells</p> <p>The hierarchy of atoms > Molecules > Cells</p>	<p>Humans as Animals in KS2 programme of study</p>	<p>The cell cycle and use of stem cells at KS4</p> <p>GCSE Required practical: Microscopy</p>	<p>Comparison of different specialised cells and links between structure and function</p>	<p>Use of living organisms in science</p> <p>Potential for discussion on the use of stem cells</p>	<p>Different types of plants and animals</p> <p>Use of latin in science</p>	<p>Medical research</p> <p>Sports Science</p> <p>Technician</p> <p>Forensics</p>

		and prokaryotic cells									
		Cell differentiation and specialised cells									
		The hierarchy of organisation									
Two	Cells	<p>The definition of diffusion and its role in cell transport.</p> <p>Independent, Dependent and control variables</p> <p>Identity and use of simple laboratory glassware</p> <p>(HT ONLY) The definitions of osmosis and active transport - and their roles in cell transport</p>	<p>Safely use simple laboratory glassware</p> <p>Collect and record accurate data</p> <p>Present data appropriately, including the use of tables and graphs</p> <p>Draw conclusions from data</p> <p>Evaluate data for accuracy, precision, repeatability and reproducibility.</p>		<p>Confusion between diffusion and osmosis.</p> <p>Referring to diffusion as particles "Spreading out"</p> <p>That diffusion requires energy</p>	<p>Working Scientifically at upper KS2 - use of graphs and recording data</p>	<p>Diffusion, Osmosis and Active Transport at all tiers in KS4</p> <p>GCSE Required</p> <p>Practical: Using osmosis to determine the sucrose concentration in potato cells</p>	<p>Comparison of diffusion, osmosis and active transport; including where in the body they take place</p>	<p>Use of living organisms in science</p> <p>Potential for discussion on the use of stem cells</p>	<p>Different types of plants and animals</p> <p>Use of latin in science</p>	<p>Medical research</p> <p>Sports Science</p> <p>Technician</p> <p>Forensics</p>

Three	Movement and Breathing	<p>The structure and function of the human skeleton</p> <p>Interaction between muscles and the skeleton</p> <p>The function of muscles and antagonistic action</p> <p>The structure of joints</p> <p>The structure and function of gas exchange systems in humans</p> <p>The mechanism of breathing</p> <p>The effects of asthma and smoking on the human respiratory system</p>	<p>Using models to represent concepts</p> <p>Simple calculations involving two or three terms</p> <p>Using a graph to identify values</p> <p>Reading for comprehension</p>		<p>Confusion between the terms "respiration" and "ventilation"</p> <p>Confusion between the function of ligaments and tendons</p>	<p>Lower KS2 - the impact of drugs, smoking and alcohol.</p> <p>Classification, including if an animal has lungs or gills</p>	<p>Adaption of gas exchange surfaces at KS4, including the use of exchanged substances for respiration</p>	<p>What are exchanged substances used for - push further to consider respiration</p> <p>Adaptations of the alveoli</p>	<p>Organ donation discussion</p>	<p>Different sports as used for exercise</p> <p>Different views on, and the impact of, tobacco usage</p>	<p>Anything in the medical field</p> <p>Sports science and physiotherapy</p>
Four	Movement and Breathing	The structure of the human	Using models to represent		Deoxygenated blood is blue	Year 6 - The function of	The human circulatory	Structure of blood vessels	Organ donation	Different sports as used	Anything in the medical

		<p>heart</p> <p>The double circulatory nature of the human circulatory system</p> <p>The difference between arteries and veins in terms of oxygenation</p> <p>The effect of exercise on breathing and heart rate</p>	<p>concepts</p> <p>Simple calculations involving two or three terms</p> <p>Using a graph to identify values</p> <p>Reading for comprehension</p>		<p>Confusion between the aorta and atrium</p>	<p>the heart, blood and blood vessels.</p> <p>Impact of exercise on the body</p> <p>How substances are transported throughout the body</p>	<p>system at KS4, including components of blood.</p> <p>Linking the effect of exercise to respiration during the study of bioenergetics</p>	<p>as relating to function</p>	<p>discussion</p>	<p>for exercise</p> <p>Different views on, and the impact of, tobacco usage</p>	<p>field</p> <p>Sports science and physiotherapy</p>
Five	Reproduction	<p>Structure and function of male and female reproductive system</p> <p>Male and Female gametes</p> <p>Fertilisation</p> <p>Gestation and birth</p>	<p>Drawing and labelling scientific diagrams</p> <p>Extended writing</p>		<p>That sperm are stored in the testes - they in fact are not kept for long but recycled if not used.</p> <p>That babies grow in the mother's stomach</p>	<p>Year 5 - reproduction and life cycles of plants and animals</p> <p>How humans change as they get older, including changes during puberty.</p>	<p>KS4: Sexual and Asexual reproduction</p> <p>Variation and evolution</p> <p>Inheritance, genetics and the production of gametes through meiosis</p>	<p>Impact of maternal lifestyle on pregnancy</p> <p>The science behind contraception and family planning</p>	<p>Impact of maternal lifestyle on pregnancy</p>	<p>Making students more aware of the issues and misconceptions surrounding reproduction</p>	<p>Midwifery</p> <p>Gynecology</p> <p>Fertility advisor</p>

Six	Reproduction	<p>Flower structure and function</p> <p>Wind and insect pollination</p> <p>Fertilisation</p> <p>Seed and fruit formation and dispersal</p>	<p>Drawing and labelling scientific diagrams</p> <p>Extended writing</p>		<p>Potential confusion between stamen and stigma</p> <p>Students may believe that fruits are the seed, rather than just contain the seeds.</p> <p>Students sometimes struggle to see the connection between flowers and fruits and see them as totally independent parts of a plant.</p>	Year 5 - reproduction and life cycles of plants and animals	<p>KS4: Sexual and Asexual reproduction</p> <p>Variation and evolution</p> <p>Inheritance, genetics and the production of gametes through meiosis</p>	Comparison of plant and animal reproduction	Impact of maternal lifestyle on pregnancy	<p>Making students more aware of the issues and misconceptions surrounding reproduction</p>	<p>Farmer</p> <p>Botanist</p> <p>Beekeeper</p>
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